Демонстрационный вариант заданий для вступительных испытаний по английскому языку для поступающих в 8 класс MAOУ гимназия №2

I. Open the brackets

They(to walk) for two hours before they arrived at the hotel						
2. She stopped(to play) the guitar the moment Jack walked into the room						
3. If I(to have) wings, I(to fly).						
4. Ann is tired because she(to play) tennis for two hours.						
Kate's Grandma(to buy) a new TV yesterday.						
6. He'll call you as soon as he(to get) home.						
. There(to be) a lot of snow three days ago.						
8. We(to fly) to Moscow tomorrow. Here are the tickets.						
Peter(to do) his homework at six o'clock in the evening						
yesterday.						
10. Look at the timetable! The train(to leave) in five minutes!						
11.John(never/ to fly) by plane.						
12. If he(to have) free time, he always(to go) for a walk.						
13.Ben is the(good) student in our class.						
14. I'm sure he is a scientist. He(might/ could/ must/ to be) a scientist.						
15. Perhaps they are discussing a problem. They(must/should/ might/ to						
discuss) a problem.						
16. Their grandparents can sing(beautiful).						
17. Gold(to use) for jewellery for hundreds of years.						
18. They(to know) each other for four years.						
19.Jim can run(quickly) than Mary.						
20. The cake(to make) now.						
21. They(already/to have) dinner by the time I arrived.						
22.I wish I(can/ to fly).						
23.If I(to know) about the party yesterday, I(to come).						
24.I wish I(not/ to forget) my umbrella yesterday.						
25. "Where were you last summer?" She wanted to know						

II. Ann is talking to John. Report her statements, questions and commands.

- 1. "Have you done your homework?"
- 2. "I'm reading an amazing book."
- 3. "How many trees are there in the garden?"
- 4. "Don't do this exercise!"
- 5. "Can you help me with my homework?"

III. Read the text and choose the right answer.

- Reading
- E Read the text. In each question choose the right answer, A, B, C or D.

Christopher Columbus was a famous explorer. He came from Genoa, a seaside city in the north of Italy. When he was a boy, Columbus knew he wanted to become a sailor, and he first went to sea when he was only 14 years old.

In Columbus's time, getting to Asia was very important for Europeans. This is because Asia had wonderful things that Europeans wanted to buy. Europeans knew of two different ways to get to Asia: over land through the east or by sea around the coast of South Africa. But both these journeys were difficult, dangerous and took a very long time.

Columbus had an idea to sail west, instead of south, across the Atlantic Ocean because he thought he could reach Asia more quickly and easily this way. Columbus told the king of Portugal about his idea and asked him to give him ships for his voyage. The king said no. He asked the kings of France and England. But they said no too. After many years, the king and queen of Spain agreed to help Columbus. In August, 1492, Columbus set sail from Spain. Two months later, he landed on an island in the Americas. This landing was one of the most important in European history. It was the start of the Europeans living in America. But Columbus didn't understand he was in a new part of the world! He was certain he was in India. This is the reason he called the natives who lived in the Americas 'Indians'. Columbus returned to the Americas three more times during his lifetime. Each time, he believed he was in Asia. During his life, Columbus never realised he was in a new part of the world. Even though Columbus was wrong about being in Asia, people today still consider Christopher Columbus a great explorer.

- 1 Christopher Columbus
 - A didn't decide to become a sailor until he
 - B first saw the sea when he was 14 years old.
 - C lived by the sea when he was a child.
 - D moved to Italy when he was little.
- 2 In Columbus's day, Europeans
 - A didn't know an easy way to get to Asia.
 - B sold lots of things to Asia.
 - C could reach Asia quickly.
 - D could only get to Asia by land.
- 3 Columbus's idea to get to Asia quickly was
 - A to sail from Portugal.
 - B to sail south.
 - C to use new ships.
 - D to sail west.

- 4 Columbus finally crossed the Atlantic with the help of the
 - A Spanish king. C English king.
 - B Portuguese king. D French king.
- 5 When Columbus arrived in the Americas,
 - A he didn't know what to call the native
 - B he was sure he was in India.
 - C there weren't any people there.
 - D there were already people from Europe there.
- 6 From the text, we know that Columbus
 - A went back to America three times.
 - B discovered a new part of Asia.
 - C discovered a new way to reach Asia.
 - D was a bad explorer because he didn't find / Points: _

Устная часть

I. Read the text aloud. You have 1,5 minutes to get ready.

Columbus had an idea to sail west, instead of south, across the Atlantic Ocean because he thought he could reach Asia more quickly and easily this way. Columbus told the king of Portugal about his idea and asked him to give him ships for his voyage. The king said no. He asked the kings of France and England. But they said no too. After many years, the king and queen of Spain agreed to help Columbus. In August, 1492, Columbus set sail from Spain. Two months later, he landed on an island in the Americas. This landing was one of the most important in European history. It was the start of the Europeans living in America. But Columbus didn't understand he was in a new part of the world! He was certain he was in India. This is the reason he called the natives who lived in the Americas 'Indians'. Columbus returned to the Americas three more times during his lifetime. Each time, he believed he was in Asia. During his life, Columbus never realised he was in a new part of the world. Even though Columbus was wrong about being in Asia, people today still consider Christopher Columbus a great explorer.

II. Answer the questions. Give full answers.

Ten questions are based on the topics:

School and school life

Family and friends

Free time, entertainment and hobbies

Sports and keeping fit

Nature, the weather and the climate

Learning English

Using the Internet

Famous sights in English speaking countries

Helping the environment

Ключи к заданиям

I. Open the brackets

1	had been walking	14	must be
2	playing	15	might be discussing
3	had/ would fly	16	beautifully
4	has been playing	17	has been used
5	bought	18	have known
6	gets	19	more quickly
7	was	20	is being made
8	are flying	21	had already had
9	was doing	22	could fly
10	leaves	23	had known/ would have come
11	has never flown	24	had not/hadn't forgotten
12	has/goes	25	where I had been the previous summer.
13	best		

II. Ask five types of questions to the sentence:

Ann is talking to John. Report her statements, questions and commands.

- 1. Ann asked John if he had done his homework.
- 2. Ann said that she was reading an amazing book.
- 3. Ann wanted to know how many trees there were in the garden.
- 4. Ann told John not to do that exercise.
- 5. Ann asked John if he could help her with her homework.

III. Read the text and choose the right answer.

1.C 2.A 3.D 4.A 5.B 6.A

За каждый правильный ответ в заданиях 1-3 выставляется 1 балл.

На выполнение заданий отводится 40 минут.

Задание 1 проверяет сформированность навыка распознавания и употребления следующего материала:

Present Simple, Present Continuous, Present Perfect, Present Perfect Continuous, Past Simple, Past Continuous, Past Perfect, Past Perfect Continuous, Future Simple, Present Continuous for plans and arrangements, Present Simple for timetabled future, to be going to do smth, there is/are/was/were, Passive Voice, comparison of adjectives and adverbs, Zero conditional, First Conditional, Second Conditional, Third Conditional, Modal Verbs for deductions, adjective+ly=adverb, Reported Speech, gerund/infinitive after verbs.

Задание 2 проверяет сформированность навыка перевода утверждений, вопросов и команд из прямой речи в косвенную.

Задание 3 проверяет сформированность навыка поискового чтения с целью выборочного понимания необходимой информации из текста.

Критерии оценивания выполнения заданий устной части Задание 1 (чтение текста вслух) – максимум 2 балла

Баллы	Фонетическая сторона речи					
2	Речь воспринимается легко: необоснованные паузы отсутствуют;					
	фразовое ударение и интонационные контуры, произношение					
	слов практически без нарушений нормы; допускается не					
	более					
	пяти фонетических ошибок, в том числе одна-две ошибки,					
	искажающие смысл					
1	Речь воспринимается достаточно легко, однако присутствуют					
	необоснованные паузы; фразовое ударение и интонационные					
	контуры практически без нарушений нормы; допускается не					
	более семи фонетических ошибок, в том числе три ошибки,					
	искажающие смысл					
0	Речь воспринимается с трудом из-за значительного количества					
	неестественных пауз, запинок, неверной расстановки ударений и					
	ошибок в произношении слов,					
	ИЛИ допущено более семи фонетических ошибок, ИЛИ					
	допущено четыре и более фонетические ошибки,					
	искажающие смысл					

Задание 2 (участие в условном диалоге-расспросе) – максимум 20 баллов Оценивается отдельно каждый из десяти ответов.

баллы								
Ответы	2 балла	1 балл	0 баллов					
на	Дан полный,	Дан полный ответ на	Ответ на вопрос					
вопросы	развернутый	поставленный вопрос;	не дан,					
1-10	ответ на	допущенные отдельные	ИЛИ ответ не					
	поставленный	фонетические,	соответствует					
	вопрос;	лексические и	заданному вопросу,					
	допущены 1-2	грамматические	ИЛИ ответ дан в					
	отдельные	погрешности	виде слова					
	фонетические, не затрудняют		или словосочетания,					
	лексические и	понимания	И/ИЛИ допущены					
	грамматические		фонетические					
	погрешности		и лексические, и					
			грамматические					
			ошибки,					
			препятствующие					
			пониманию ответа					

Максимальный балл за задания 1-3 - 36 баллов*

*) количество вопросов в задании 3 могут варьироваться от 5 до 7.

Максимальный балл за задания устной части- 22 балла

На выполнение задания устной части отводится 10 минут